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Linear Spherical Sliced Optimal Transport: A Fast Metric for Comparing Spherical Data

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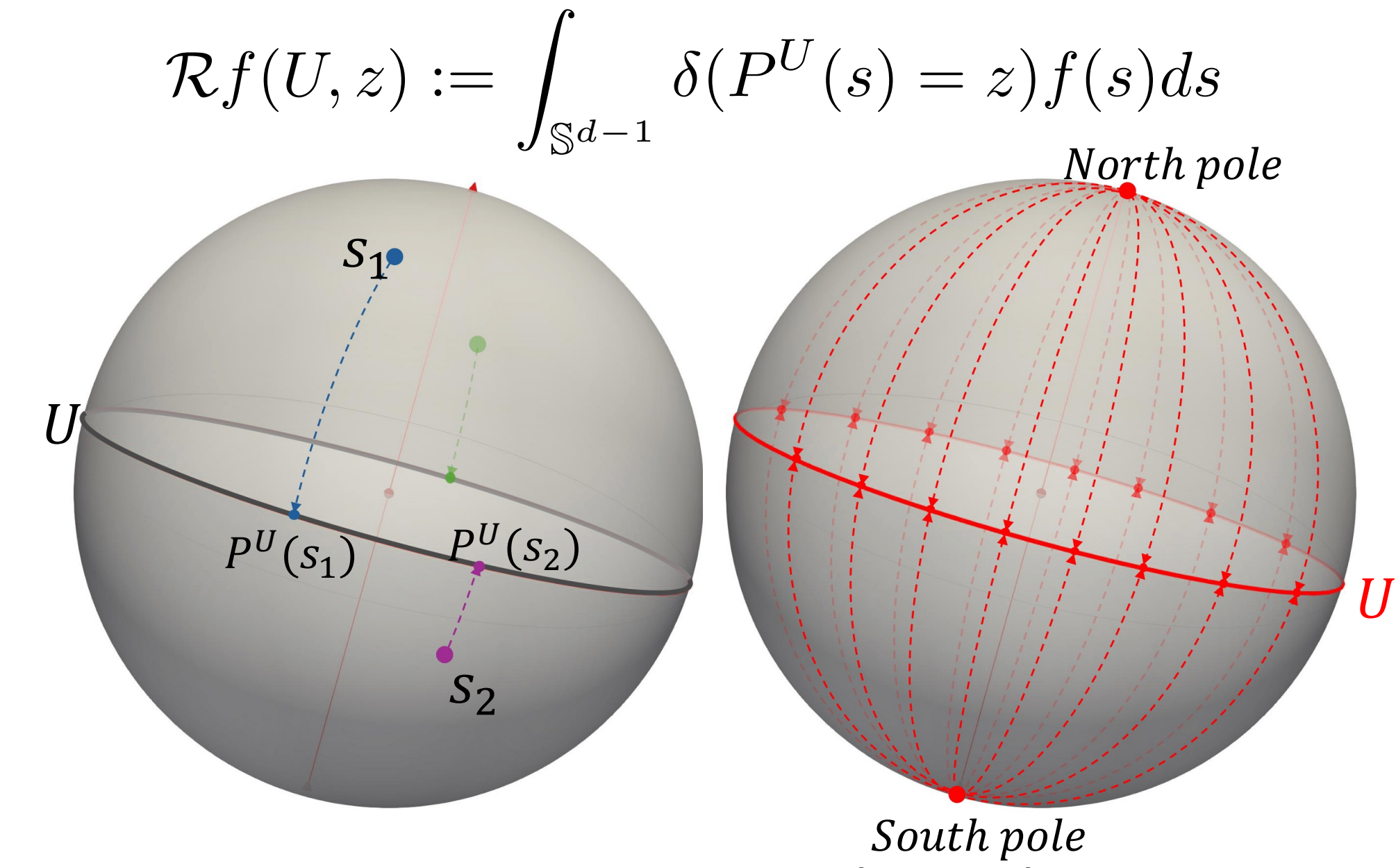


Summary

We propose to embed spherical distributions into an L^2 space via Linear Spherical Sliced Optimal Transport (LSSOT). The LSSOT embedding induces a novel spherical metric and enhances the efficiency of group analysis in spherical domains.

Background

- Spherical Radon Transform $\mathcal{R}$ projects spherical distributions on great circles. For a density function $f \in L^1(\mathbb{S}^{d-1})$, and a rank 2 projector $U \in V_2(\mathbb{R}^d)$ that intersects $\mathbb{S}^{d-1}$ at a great circle,



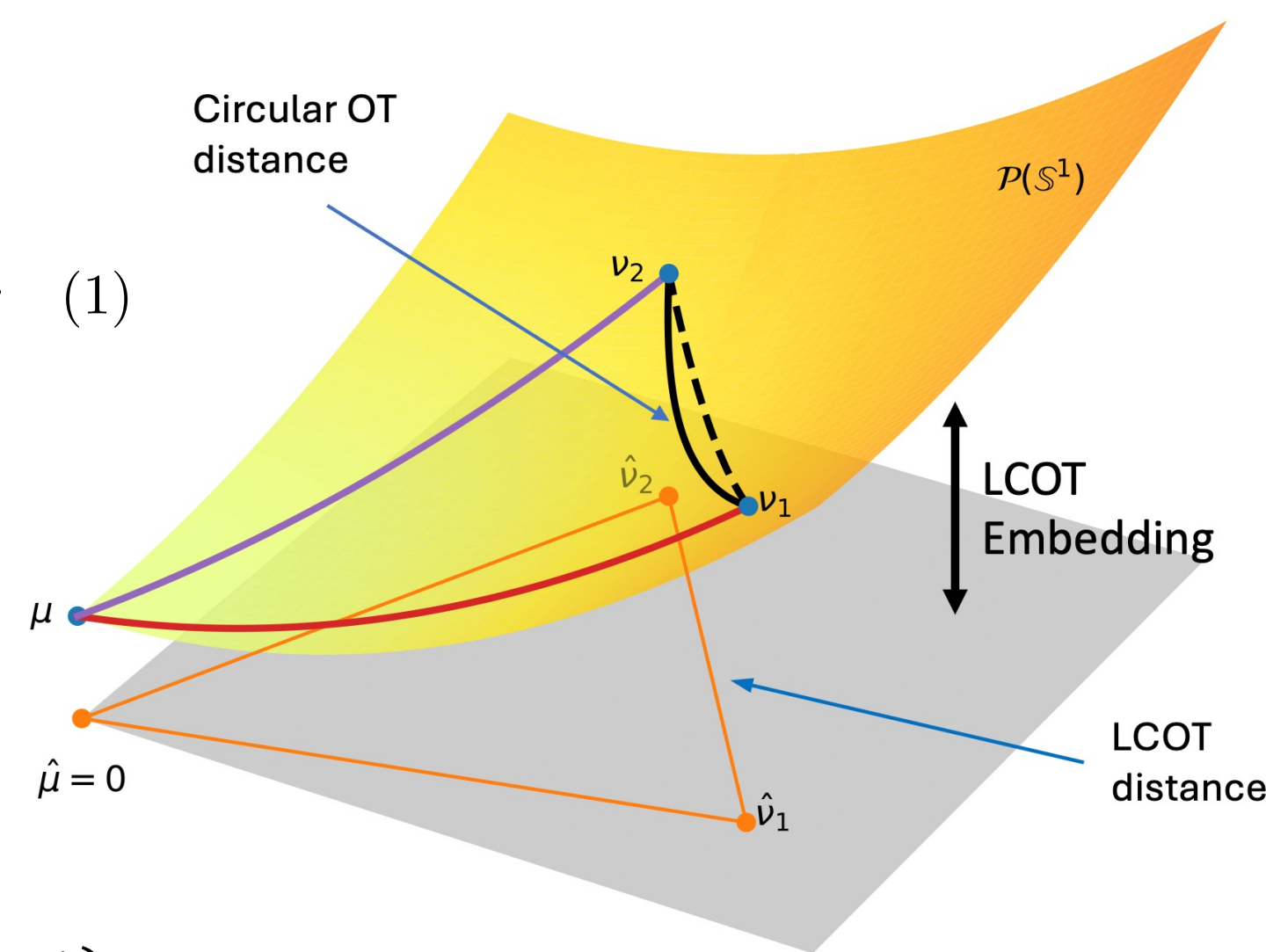
- Linear Circular Optimal Transport (LCOT) embeds circular distributions into an L^2 space and induces a metric on $\mathcal{P}(\mathbb{S}^1)$.

Circular Optimal Transport:

$$\begin{aligned} COT_h(\mu, \nu) &:= \inf_{\gamma \in \Gamma(\mu, \nu)} \int_{\mathbb{S}^1 \times \mathbb{S}^1} h(|x - y|_{\mathbb{S}^1}) d\gamma(x, y) \\ &= \inf_{\alpha \in \mathbb{R}} \int_0^1 h(|F_\mu^{-1}(x) - F_\nu^{-1}(x - \alpha)|_{\mathbb{R}}) dx \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

Linear Circular Optimal Transport:

- Fix the reference measure $\mu = \text{Uniform}(\mathbb{S}^1)$, and let $h(x) = |x|^2$;
- The optimal $\alpha^* = \mathbb{E}(\nu) - 1/2$ in Eq. (1) $\hat{\mu} = 0$
- The LCOT embedding is defined as $\hat{\nu}(x) := F_\nu^{-1}(F_\mu(x) - \alpha^*) - x, \forall x \in [0, 1]$
- The LCOT metric: $LCOT_2(\nu_1, \nu_2) = \|\hat{\nu}_1 - \hat{\nu}_2\|_{L^2(\mathbb{S}^1)}$



LSSOT Embedding and Metric

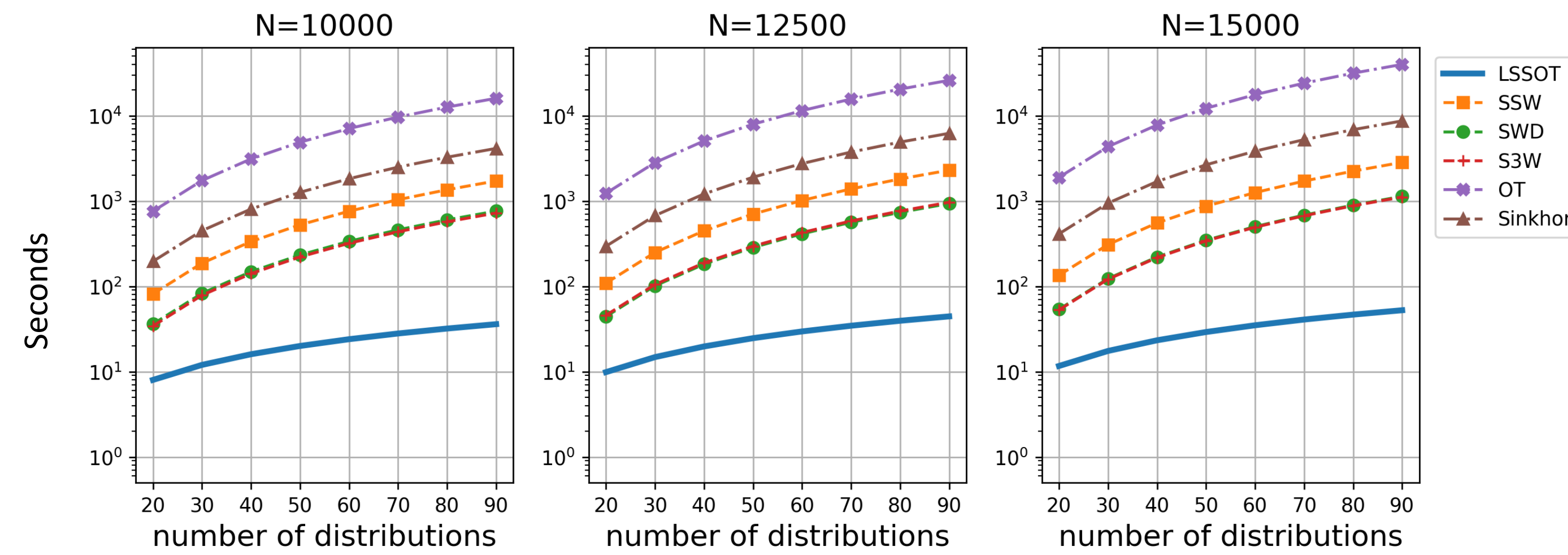
- Fix the reference measure $\mu = \text{Uniform}(\mathbb{S}^{d-1})$;
- The LSSOT Embedding for $\nu_i \in \mathcal{P}(\mathbb{S}^{d-1})$:

$$\hat{\nu}_i^S(x, U) := F_{P_{\#}^U \nu_i}^{-1} \left(F_{P_{\#}^U \mu}(x) - \mathbb{E}(P_{\#}^U \nu_i) + \frac{1}{2} \right) - x, \quad \forall x \in \mathbb{S}^{d-1}$$

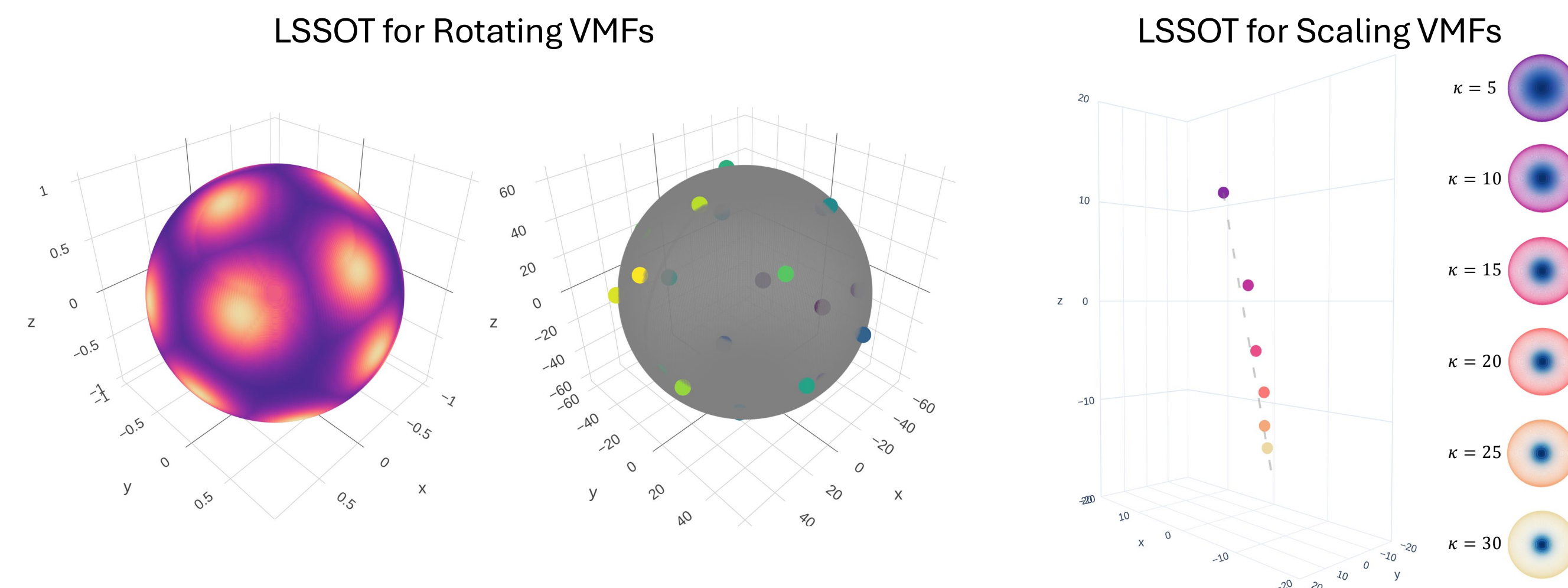
- The LSSOT metric:

$$\begin{aligned} (LSSOT_2(\nu_1, \nu_2))^2 &:= \int_{V_2(\mathbb{R}^d)} (LCOT_2(P_{\#}^U \nu_1, P_{\#}^U \nu_2))^2 d\sigma(U) \\ &= \int_{V_2(\mathbb{R}^d)} \|\hat{\nu}_1^S(\cdot, U) - \hat{\nu}_2^S(\cdot, U)\|_{L^2(\mathbb{S}^1)}^2 d\sigma(U) \end{aligned}$$

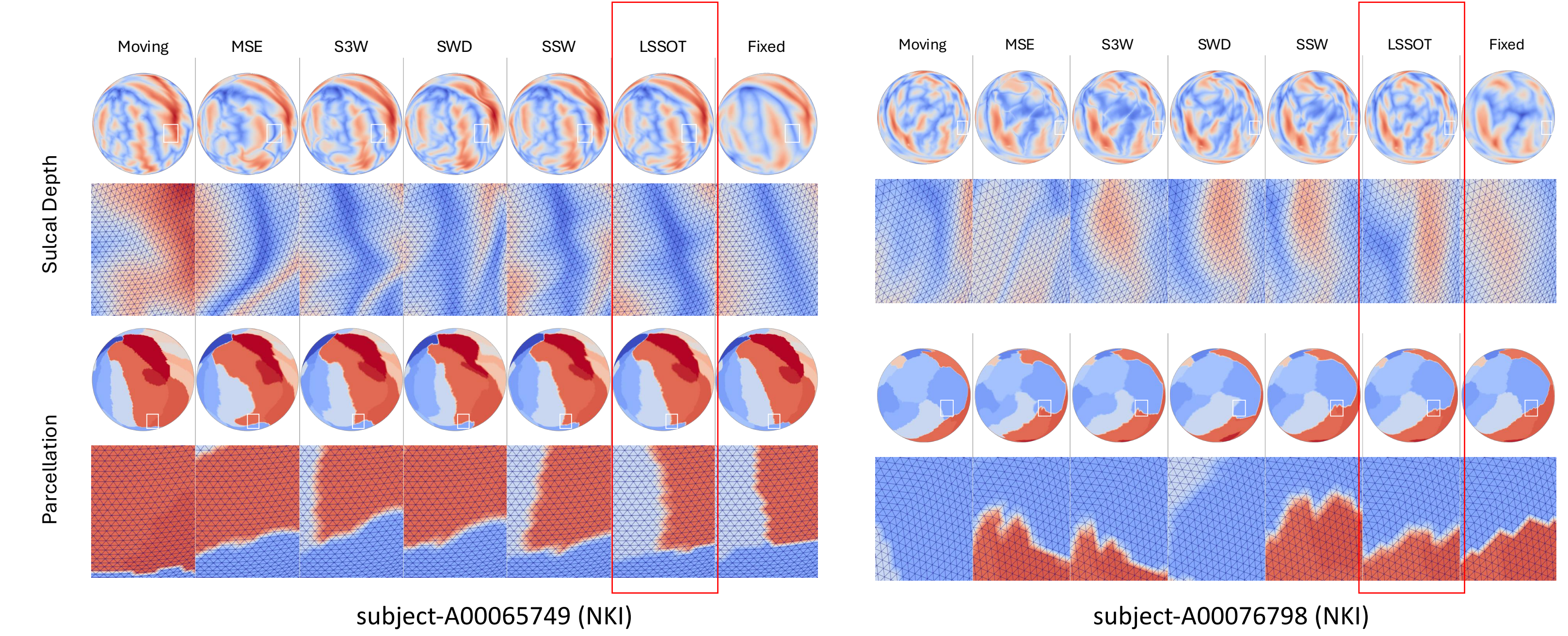
Computation Efficiency



Rotation and Scaling Geometry



Cortical Surface Registration



		Freosurfer	MSE	S3W	SWD	SSW	LSSOT (Ours)
NKI (Left Hemisphere)	LSSOT(↓)	0.2877±0.0392	0.2754±0.0611	0.2298±0.0346	0.2411±0.0366	0.2079±0.0369	0.1890±0.0361
	SWD(↓)	0.0060±0.0020	0.0051±0.0017	0.0053±0.0010	0.0027±0.0011	0.0059±0.0011	0.0052±0.0011
	MAE(↓)	0.1053±0.0214	0.1129±0.0471	0.2278±0.0372	0.2658±0.0410	0.2145±0.0266	0.2516±0.0397
	CC(↑)	0.8190±0.0264	0.8269±0.0425	0.9216±0.0174	0.8722±0.0302	0.8671±0.0314	0.8649±0.0295
	Dice (↑)	0.7541±0.0651**	0.7746±0.0861**	0.8498±0.0670**	0.7984±0.0539**	0.8429±0.0692*	0.8462±0.0548
	Edge Dist.(↓)	0.3207±0.0436**	0.3060±0.0404**	0.3922±0.0647**	0.3442±0.0346**	0.2476±0.0348**	0.2365±0.0343
	Area Dist.(↓)	0.4652±0.0698**	0.4305±0.0488**	0.4048±0.0752**	0.4073±0.0368**	0.2733±0.0402**	0.2897±0.0396
	Time(seconds)(↓)	—	73.07	121.00	118.96	1350.96	101.01

Point Cloud Interpolation

